



BIHAR BPSC (LAW) EXAM SYLLABUS

SYLLABUS OF BIHAR BPSC [LAW]

❖ PAPER- I

CONSTITUTIONAL LAW OF INDIA

1. Nature of Indian Constitution. Various features of its federal form.
2. Fundamental Rights, Directive Principles, and their relationship with Fundamental Rights. fundamental duty.
3. Right to Equality.
4. Right to Freedom of Speech and Freedom of Expression.
5. Right to life and personal liberty.
6. Religious, cultural, and educational rights.
7. Constitutional position of the President and relationship with the Council of Ministers.
8. Governor and his powers.
9. Supreme Court and High Courts, their powers and jurisdiction.
10. Union Public Service Commission and State Public Service Commission their powers such functions.
11. Principle of natural justice.
12. Distribution of legislative powers between the Union and the States.
13. Delegated Legislation- Its constitutionality, judicial and legislative control.
14. Administrative and secondary relations between the Union and the States.
15. Trade, commerce, and intercourse in India.
16. Emergency provisions.
17. Constitutional protection for civil servants.
18. Parliamentary Privileges and Immunities.
19. Amendment of the Constitution.

INTERNATIONAL LAW

1. Nature of International Law.
2. Source treaties, customs, general principles of law recognized by civilized nations, subsidiary means for determining law, resolutions of international organs and regulation of specialized agencies.
3. Relationship between International Law and National Law.
4. State recognition and state succession.
5. Methods of acquisition of territories of states, boundaries, international rivers.
6. Seas, inland waterways, state seas, territorial contiguous continental sub-coasts, exclusive economic zones and seas beyond national jurisdiction.
7. The celestial sphere and aircraft operations.
8. Exploration and use of outer space, outer space.
9. Individuals, nationalism, statelessness, human rights, available responses to their enforcement.
10. Jurisdiction of states, basis of jurisdiction, immunity from jurisdiction.
11. Extradition and Asylum.
12. Diplomatic missions and consular posts.
13. Treaty, construction, application, and termination.
14. Responsibility of the State.
15. United Nations, its principal organs, powers, and functions.
16. Peaceful settlement of disputes.
17. Lawful shelter of water, attack, self-defence, intervention.
18. Validity of the use of nuclear weapons, Prohibition on testing of nuclear weapons, atomic non-proliferation treaty.

❖ PAPER- II

(CRIME AND MISDEEDS)

I. CRIMINAL LAW:

1. **Concept of crime:** criminal act, criminal value, condition, criminal state of mind in statutory offences, punishment mandated sentence, preparation, and effort.
2. **Indian Penal Code-**
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 - (a) the application of the Code.
 - (b) simple exception.

- (c) joint and mutual liability.
 - (d) abetment.
 - (e) criminal conspiracy.
 - (f) Offenses against the State.
 - (g) an offense against the public peace.
 - (h) offenses relating to or committed by public servants.
 - (i) an offense against the human body.
 - (k) offense against property.
 - (l) Offenses relating to marriage, cruelty to wife by husband or his relatives.
 - (d) defamation.
3. Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1955
 4. Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961 Food Adulteration Prevention Act, 1954

II. LAW OF TORTS



1. Nature of tort liability.
2. Liability based on error and hard liability.
3. Statutory Liability.
4. Delegated liability.
5. Joint Torture
6. Treatment.
7. Expectation.
8. Liability of the occupier and his liability with respect to the structures.
9. Detention and Conversion (Detention and Conversion)
10. Defamation.
11. Nuance.
12. Conspiracy.
13. False imprisonment and malicious prosecution.

III. CONTRACT LAW AND COMMERCIAL LAW



1. Contract Formulation.
2. Causes corrupting property.
3. Void, voidable, invalid and unenforceable agreement.
4. Compliance of the Constitutions.
5. Cessation of contractual obligations, failure of contract.
6. Contract clause.
7. Remedies against breach of contract.
8. Selling and selling of goods.

9. Agency.
10. Creation and dissolution of partnerships.
11. Negotiable written.
12. Banker-customer relationship.
13. Government control over private companies.
14. Monopolies and Barriers to Trade Act, 1969
15. Consumer Protection Act, 1986

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